



Chisinau, 1 December 2014

Promo-LEX Presents The Results of the Quality Quick Vote Count

The Promo-LEX Association conducted a Quality Quick Vote Count during the parliamentary election of 30 November 2014. The procedure was conducted on a representative sample, which included 700 polling stations on the territory of the Republic of Moldova from the total of 1,987 polling stations (polling stations opened abroad were not included).

The selected sample is statistically representative for the entire country, and the error margin is not more than 3%. Given this error margin, the results of the vote can be analyzed and superimposed to present an image of the entire country.

According to the results of the Quality Quick Vote Count, **the votes in the country** were divided as follows:

Results/Candidates	%	%+ME95	%-ME95	%+ME99	%-ME99
PDM	16.241%	17.414%	15.067%	17.783%	14.698%
PLDM	20.121%	21.294%	18.947%	21.663%	18.578%
PCR	4.956%	6.130%	3.783%	6.499%	3.414%
PSRM	20.369%	21.543%	19.196%	21.912%	18.827%
PCRM	17.923%	19.096%	16.749%	19.465%	16.380%
PL	9.573%	10.747%	8.400%	11.116%	8.031%
Others	10.937%	12.110%	9.763%	12.479%	9.394%

The calculations made by the Promo-LEX Election Monitoring Effort following the results of the Quality Quick Vote Count show that the future Parliament will see the following distribution of **mandates**:

Electoral Candidate	Obtained Directly	Redistributed	Total Mandates Obtained
PDM	16	3	19
PLDM	20	4	24
PSRM	20	4	24
PCRM	18	3	21
PL	10	3	13
	84	17	101

The maximum margin of error for the results of this sample is up to 1.2%, applicable to the candidate PCR. The margin is calculated for each candidate individually, and is in decrease compared to the margin announced above for PCR. The absence of information from 7 polling stations and the fact that 151 protocols from sample PSs contained technical and logical errors as per the mathematical formulas developed in accordance with CEC-approved verification procedures were considered when calculating the margin of error.

The Quality Quick Count is a statistical procedure of assessing the quality of the voting, and high-precision prediction of the final results of the poll. The Quality Quick Count both analyzes the conduct of the vote at the polling stations and predicts voters' options.

The Election Monitoring Effort is part of the activities conducted by the civil society under the aegis of the Coalition for Free and Fair Elections.

The Monitoring Effort for the Parliamentary Election on 30 November 2014 has received technical assistance from the National Democratic Institute for International Affairs (NDI) and is funded by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the National Endowment for Democracy (NED), the Council of Europe, and the Stefan Batory Foundation from the funds provided by the Solidarity Fund as part of the "Support for Democracy" Programme of the Polish Ministry of Foreign Affairs.